## Prof. Thonhauser

Theoretical Condensed Matter Physics Computational Materials Science

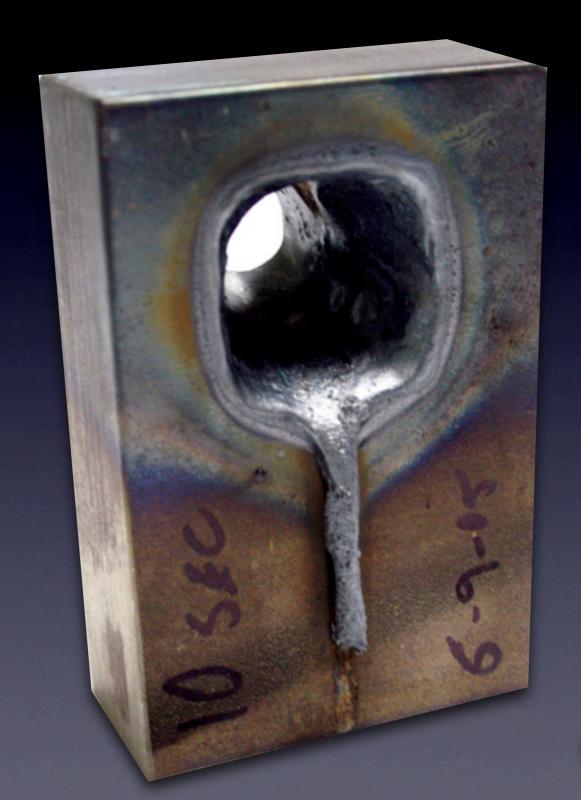
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### Research

magnetic
properties



7 mechanical properties

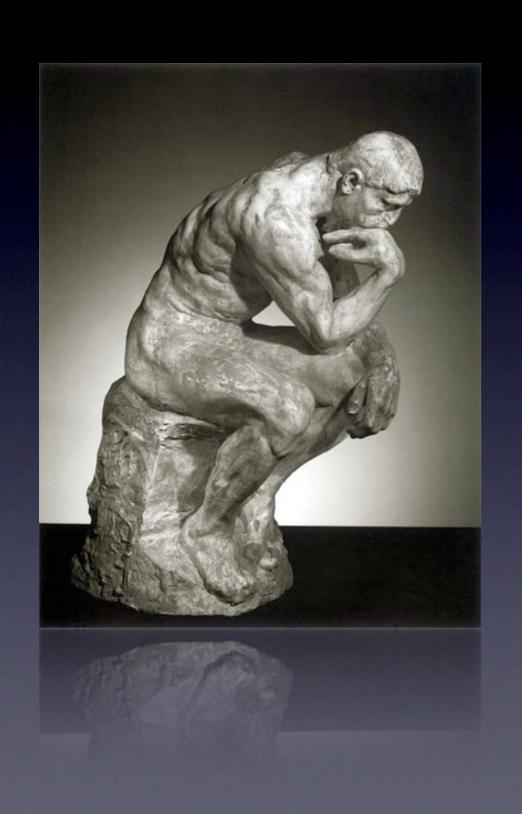
electrical properties

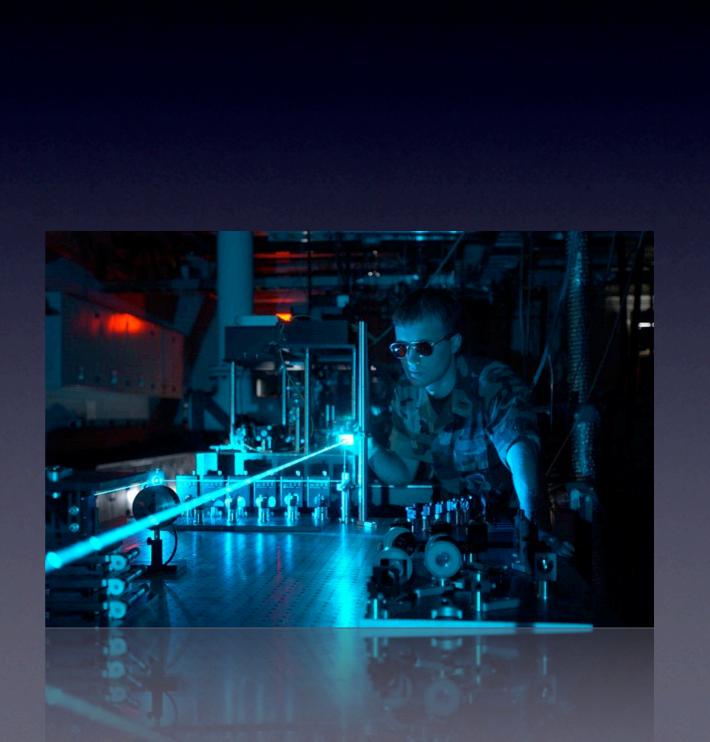


### Because everything is a material ...

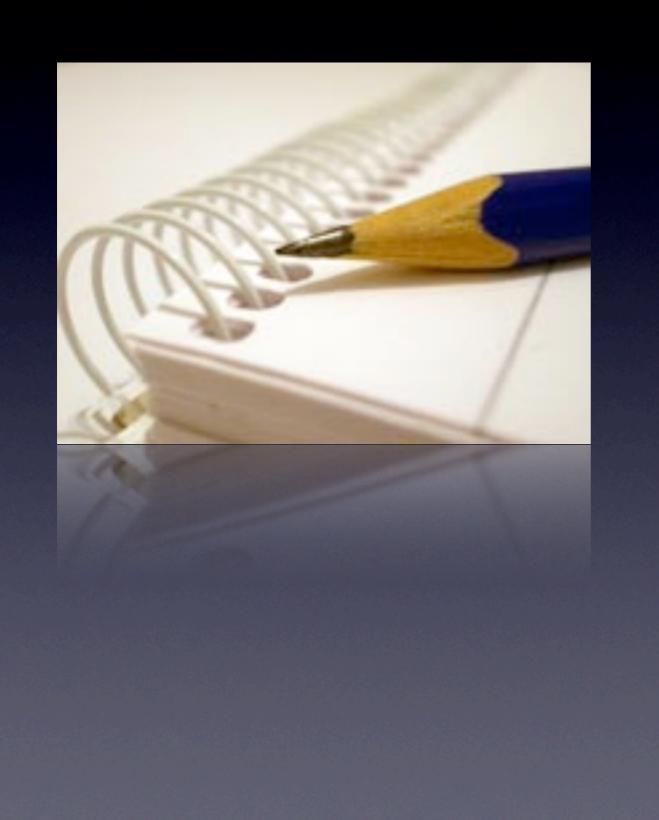


# Theory vs. Experiment





## Pencil & Paper vs. Computer





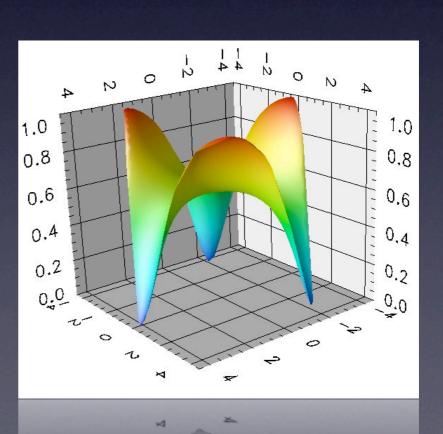
## Pencil & Paper vs. Computer

### PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

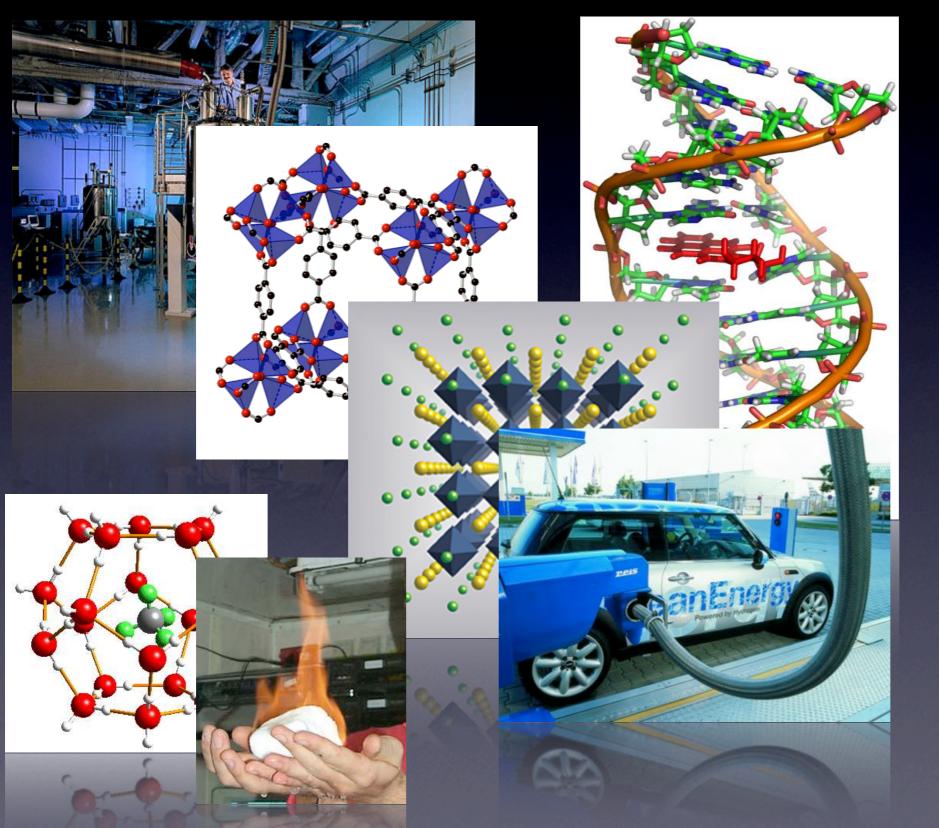
### **Orbital Magnetization in Periodic Insulators**

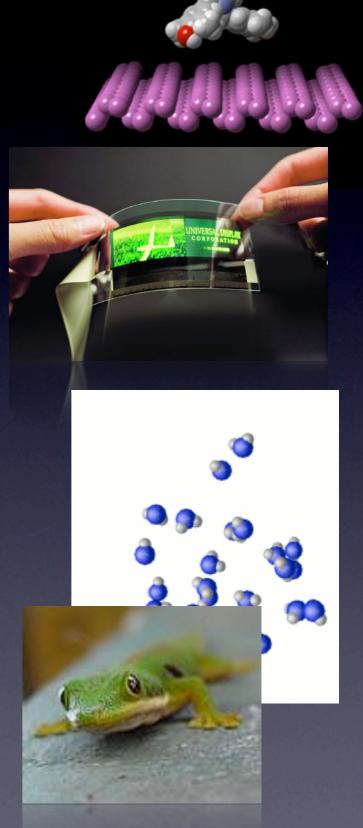
T. Thonhauser, Davide Ceresoli, David Vanderbilt, and R. Resta nent of Physics and Astronomy, Rutgers University, Piscataway, New Jersey 08 of for Advanced Studies (SISSA/ISAS) and INFM-DEMOCRITOS, via Beirut 4, ca Teorica Università di Trieste and INFM-DEMOCRITOS, strada Costiera 1. (Received 20 May 2005; published 22 September 2005)

in the Wannier representation is shown to be comprised of two contributions, an allator. The magnetization is shown to be comprised of two contributions in the interior, and a from net currents carried by Wannier functions near the surface. Each contribution net currents carried by Mannier functions in a gauge-invariant way. Our comparing numerical fight-pinding calculations for finite and believing samples of pulk property in terms of Bloch functions in a gauge-invariant way. Our comparing numerical fight-pinding calculations for finite and believing samples comparing numerical fight-pinding calculations for finite and believing samples comparing numerical fight-pinding calculations for finite and believing samples comparing numerical fight-pinding calculations for finite and believing samples comparing numerical tight-pinding calculations for finite and believing samples a bulk property in terms of Bloch functions in a gauge-invariant way. Our comparing numerical tight-pinding calculations for finite and believing samples as pulk property in terms of Bloch functions in a gauge-invariant way. Our comparing numerical tight-pinding calculations for finite and believing samples are property in the interior, and a gauge-invariant way. Our comparing numerical tight-pinding calculations for finite and believing as property of the interior.



Ongoing and Future Projects





### Help Wanted ... Apply Here!

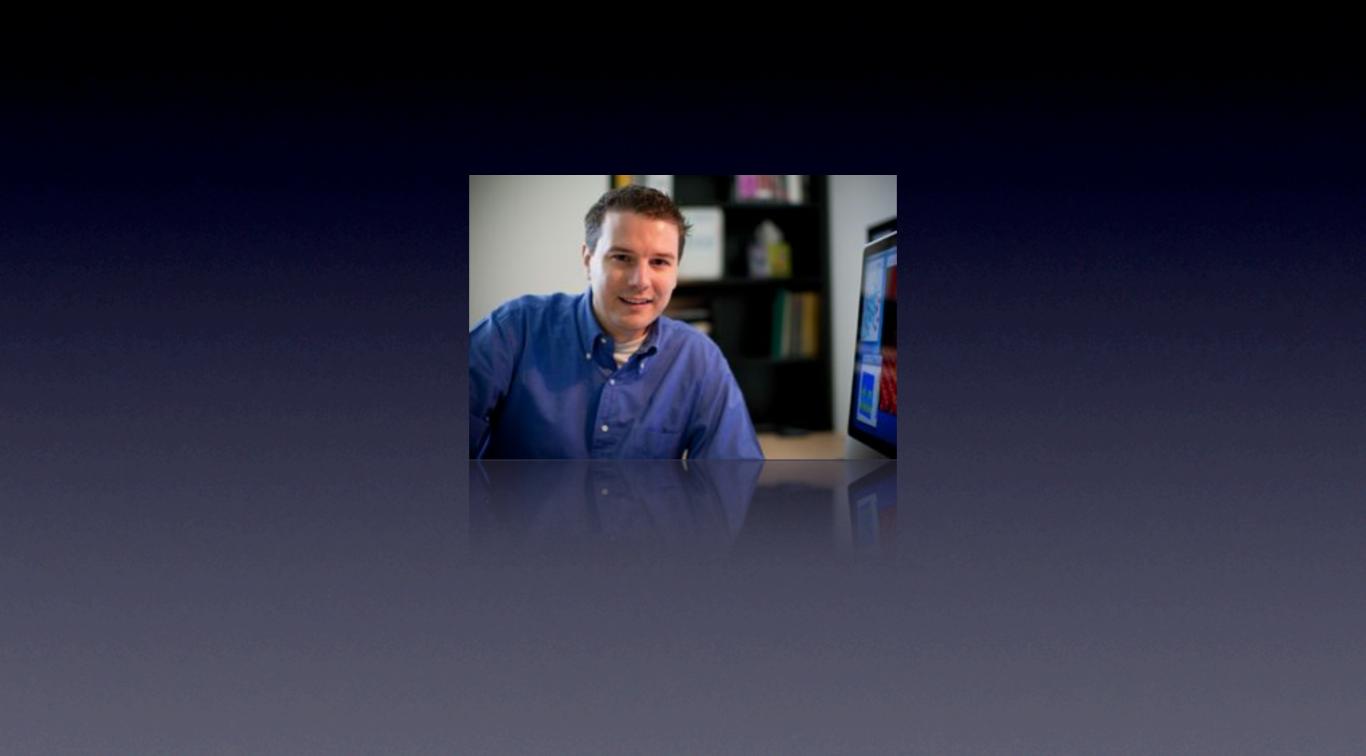
Undergraduate & Graduate Students needed who have an interest in ...

- Condensed matter physics
- Materials science
- Quantum mechanics
- Computers Linux/Unix
- Programming C++, Fortran

## Help Wanted ... Apply Here!



# The Group



## The Group

Graham



Brian



Piero



**Daniel** 



Calvin



Brian



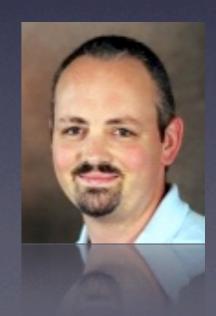
Laurence



David



Eric



### The Group

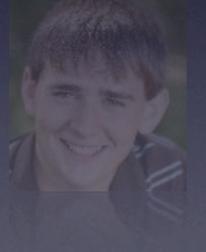
Brian

Are you shaping future materials or will future materials shape you

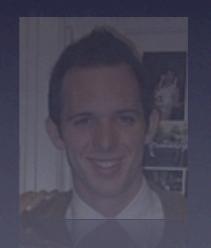
**Daniel** 

Laurence

Brian







Eric